Panel discussion: Free Software and business models

FOSS Business Models for Sustainable Development

Presentation at: Free Knowledge, Free Technology Education for a free information society First International Conference July 15-17, 2008, Barcelona, Spain **Balthas Seibold**



Example I: OPENWORLD LTD, Kenya

Local IT consultancy and professional development training firm (http://openworld.co.ke/)

Main business models :Loyalty business model, Subscription business model, Direct sales model

Sample of Services

Training: Professional Development and Essentials Courses

Support / Professional open-source services: Subscription support and hourly technical aid

Consulting / Custom Solutions: Cut across software development, integration and customization

Designed products: OpenCabinet, e-SME, CallCenter

Source: "Idlelo 3 - Conference Track 3: Business Models and Community Development" organized by InWEnt/FOSSFA III, Online at:http://www.it-inwent.org/e735/e3326/e3370/index_eng.html



II. InWEnt – Capacity Building International, Germany

Who we are

A not-for-profit Corporation of the Federal Government of Germany, the German States and German Business and Industry

Our mandate:

International human resource development and organizational development in international cooperation. InWEnt works with partners in developing, transition and industrialised countries.



Capacity Building in the area of FOSS business models for sustainable development - our main initiatives

FOSS-Bridge EU-Vietnam: High Level Training course on FOSS business models and innovation strategies for trainers of SMEs

ict@innovation Africa: - Development of CB-Programme on "African FOSS Business Models and Skills for ICT-based SMEs"

it@foss Asia: Regional conference foss@work, Community Event Asia Source III, LPI-Training as a business

--> business models for local communities



Sustainability in Development Cooperation ... and FOSS

 \rightarrow Participation, Independance

Development of adapted and independent software infrastructure

→ Empowerment

Establishment of proper IT-expertise and control over systems

 \rightarrow transfer of knowledge, local adaption

Adaptation, localisation (language and added value through local business models), learning by coding

 \rightarrow enabling legal and regulatory framework (includ. property rights)

mitigation of legal problems through FOSS licences

 \rightarrow non-discrimination, equality of opportunity

Openness, accessibility of FOSS



Emerging top four FOSS business models in Africa

Training

Support

Software Integration/Customization Services

Software Development (medium-term)

Based on a collaborative workshop of ict@innovation - Capacity Building in Innovative Information and Communication Technologies, Source: InWEnt Workshop "ict@innovation Planning Workshop: African FOSS Business Models. Planning a business-related FOSS training programme

Source: http://www.wikieducator.org/lct%40innovation_-_training_on_African_FOSS_business_models" at Idlelo III,





Capacity Building in Innovative Information and Communication Technologies through Free and Open Source Software in Southern and East Africa

Objective: Fostering small and medium-sized enterprises (SME) in the field of Free and Open Source Software through regional networking and strengthening of consulting capacities of ICT associations and training institutions.

Partners: the Free Software and Open Source Foundation for Africa (FOSSFA: executive@fossfa.net, www.fossfa.net), OSISA, InWEnt

Region: Southern and East Africa, **Duration**: 2008 – 2010

Main Instruments: Advanced Training and Networking, on- and offline

Partners: African regional + national IT associations, ICT training institutions, universities, & other change agents







Pillar A: African FOSS Business Models and skills for ICT-based SME to deliver innovative and appropriate FOSS products, services and training

Pillar B: Spreading FOSS Certification - Quality management for FOSS services through certification

Pillar C: Innovative local FOSS applications for social and economic development

Pillar D: Crosscutting: Regional networking and international exchange





Pillar A: African FOSS Business Models and Skills for ict-based SME to deliver innovative and appropriate FOSS products, services and training

Aim: ICT associations, their members, ICT-training institutions, universities as well as other change agents of the ICT field know about regional best practices and examples of adapted business models and marketing-related skills in the field of FOSS. This enables them to spread practical key knowledge and skills to ICT-SME on how to create innovative local businesses with FOSS.

Roadmap:

Phase 1 (2008): Research + analysis of African FOSS business models; collaborative development of hands-on training materials, course design

Phase 2 (2009): Train-the-Trainer via regional trainings for multipliers

Phase 3 (2010): Roll-Out via national trainings for SME

Networking activities are an ongoing throughout all phases.





Important dimensions of sustainable FOSS business models in developing countries

Topics of InWEnt training courses in Asia and Africa

FOSS entering the global and local business world and ecosystems (evolution of communities, ecosystem, software market)

Open standards (lock-in strategies and aversion etc)

Global and local FOSS usage models

Emerging FOSS business models for developing countries (linkage between licence and models, windows of opportunity, incorporating FOSS in existing business models, added value etc)

FOSS based open innovation (non-linear processes, commoditization, modularity, open inovation, public incentives etc)

From FOSS tactics to enterprise strategy (revenue sources, business risks etc)

Local market analysis (needs, clients purchasing power)



Strategies for FOSS Market Segments in Developing Countries

| | Large Enterprise Segment | Small-Medium Enterprise Segment | Government Segment |
|-----------------------|---|---|---|
| Replacement Market | Service and Support Scalability (Not cost) | Low cost advantage Features: security, stability, scalability | Emphasize FOSS culture Value of Open standards |
| Unserved Market | Few in this market. Quality and scalability. | Emphasize cost advantage | Emphasize cost less dependence Value of FOSS culture |

Source: Rahul De (2008): FOSS Business Models for Developing Countries in Asia (CC Attribution 2.5)



My hunch on the future of FOSS Business Models in Dev. Countries

Local

- Not outsourcing
- SME-based
- Addressing local need through local innovation



My hunch on the top three challenges

- Local knowledge base
- Procurement policies of public bodies
- Sustainability and scale of local FOSS communities





More information, references and training material on "FOSS Business Models and Development – Overview of InWEnt's programmes and trainings" online at www.it-inwent.org (as of August 2008)

Contact

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